

OCL Computing Curriculum: Long Term Plan

Year 7

Brief overview

In year 7 students will arrive with varying levels of computing knowledge from the primary school they have attended and the technology they have access to at home. In order to build their confidence students will start to use a variety of different software and web apps to improve their digital literacy starting from logging on in lesson 1.

Autumn 1 will give students opportunity to familiarize themselves with the computing lab and/or iPad. Many students will soon be creating social media accounts if they have not already. Student will be looking at what respectful online communication looks like and how messages online can seen without context. Students will then look at cyberbullying and create a presentation on the subject using MS PowerPoint. This allows students to cover important e-safety topics while still getting hands on experience with their computer and commonly used software. In Autumn 2 students will using another common software package MS Excel to work with data. The purpose of this unit is for students to understand how data can be collected, analyzed, and used.

Spring 1 introduces students to networks and how they aid communication between computers. This unit will first look at the benefits of computer networks, how they are created and how they operate. The second half of the unit will focus on the Internet, smart devices and how this is changing the way we live our lives. Spring 2 will be the first experience of computer programming for many students. They will be using Scratch a web based visual programming language that allows students to create programs by connecting premade code blocks. Student will be able to explore the programming concepts of sequence, selection and iteration without worrying about syntax errors. This unit will set the foundation of students programming knowledge embedding key concepts that they will continue to explore throughout KS3 and KS4.

Summer 1 will focus on creating text and image media while also looking at legal issues such as copyright law and plagiarism. This unit will also look at credibility, sourcing information and fake news. Finally in summer 2 students will look at how computers work. Students will first study hardware and the role of different components. Then they will look at software in general terms, instead of focusing on specific packages they will understand the role of different archetypes of software and operating systems.

Software Packages: Students will use a combination of a web browser, Formative.com, MS Teams and MS OneNote throughout year 7 they will use MS Office(PowerPoint, Excel and Word), Scratch.mit.edu, and Photopea.com.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Using Technology Safely	Data Modelling (Spreadsheets)	Computer Networks	Scratch programming 1	Multimedia 1	Computer systems
Relevant core concepts	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT Skills. Create and edit a variety of media. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT Skills. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Understand what networks are and how they are used. Recognise and predict technology trends Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT Skills. Create and edit a variety of media. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT Skills. Recognise computer hardware and understand how each component works. Maximise the use of Horizons.





Relevant end points	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to create presentation and deliver them to an audience. Students will be aware of the common risks of technology involving cyberbullying and how to avoid or report instances of each. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will be able to recognise the devices that make up computer networks. Students will be able to predict future changes in technology with their understanding of computer networks history and fundamentals of how computers communicate. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to understand and create scratch code using block based coding. Students will be able to develop a solution to a problem using computational thinking. Students will be able to use Boolean logic (AND, OR, NOT) to make complex decisions in their programs. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to create and format documents in word processing software. Students will understand the licensing rules on online media and how to find images under the creative commons licence. Students will be able to recognise common features of written media such as blog posts and articles. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to recognise different computer hardware components and understand their role within the overall system. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.
Core substantive knowledge	 Logging on. Recognising online dangers. Cyberbullying and how to report/stop it. Respectful comments and messages. Recognising appropriate images. 	 Primary and secondary data Data collection Common excel formulas Sum Max Min Average If Counta Countif 	 What a computer network is. The hardware that supports computer networks. Hub Router Server Network Cable What the internet is. Services that run on the internet WWW Email IoT VoIP The history and continued growth of computer networks. 	 Variables. Subroutines. Sequence. Selection (if). Iteration. Count controlled (for) Condition controlled (While) Operators Arithmetic operators (=, <, >) 	 Online content licenses and copyright. Formatting documents. Recognising appropriate images. Credibility. Plagiarism. Citations. 	 Input/output devices. What is inside a computer. General purpose systems. Memory and storage types. Application software. System software.





 Finding and installing apps on the iPad. Using MS Office applications (Ms PowerPoint) Creating a presentation on Cyberbullying in Ms PowerPoint. Finding and installing apps on the iPad. Using MS Office applications (Ms PowerPoint) Creating a presentation on Cyberbullying in Ms PowerPoint. Finding and using appropriate images. Finding and using appropriate images. Students will present to their Finding and installing apps on the iPad. Using MS Office applications with MS Forms. Creating and analysing data with MS Forms. Analysing how each piece of hardware enhances a network. Analysing the best network type for a given scenario. Understanding the different internet is Understanding the different internet is Understanding the different internet is Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that use selection to make decisions. Finding appropriate sources. Combine operators to make more complex Citing sources. 	Core disciplinary	 Finding and installing apps on the iPad. Using MS Office applications (Ms PowerPoint) Creating a presentation on Cyberbullying in Ms PowerPoint. Finding and using appropriate images. Students will present to their 	 (Ms Excel) Gathering and analysing data with MS Forms. Creating and modifying spreadsheets. Using the formulas they have 	 aided communication around the world. Analysing how each piece of hardware enhances a network. Analysing the best network type for a given scenario. Understanding the different internet services and what they do. Describe what the internet is and what is used for. Explain the need for IP addresses. Explain how data is broken up into packets to be sent across 	from variables. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that use selection to make decisions. Combine operators to make more complex decisions. Design and create programs that use iteration to repeat code. Design and create subroutines that can be	 readability. Analyse the different types of licenses and what is allowed under each. Finding and using appropriate images. Finding appropriate sources. Citing sources. Planning and writing a 	 Describing internal hardware and their purpose. Understand and define different types of memory. Compare storage types and select the most appropriate types for a scenario. Design a computer for a given scenario. Define application and system
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Year 8

Brief overview

In year 8 students will continue to develop their digital literacy with multiple opportunities to have hands of experience with a variety of software packages and web applications. Students will build upon their practical skills from year 7 particularly in programming and media creation. Students will also begin to look at how computers represent data and solve problems.

Autumn 1 will give students the opportunity to look at creating some more complex programs in Scratch. After a recap of selection and iteration student will start to look at how subroutines help us to organize and create one aspect of a program at a time, how instructions can be passed to other parts of a program and pull all this together to create a complex program. Autumn 2 will students will study the binary number system, why it is used by computers and how to convert between this and our denary number system. Once they have an understanding of binary numbers they will look at the logic gates AND, OR and NOT and their respective truth tables.

In spring 1 students will look at using computational thinking to model and solve problems. They will also explore different methods of representing algorithms including using flowcharts and written pseudocode. Spring 2 students will move onto their second programming language Python. This first unit will focus again on the core programming concepts of Sequence, Selection and Iteration. As a text based language students will now encounter syntax errors and will need to interpret error messages to help debug their own code.

In Summer 1 students will again have the opportunity to create and edit media. In this unit they will look at images in more detail studying both bitmap and vector graphics. Students will then look at using these image files to create keyframe animations. Finally in summer 2 students will have the opportunity to look at how websites are created and create their own website. While creating web pages students will also focus on good web design practiced and the importance of making websites accessible to everybody.

Software Packages: Students will use a combination of a web browser, Formative.com, MS Teams and MS OneNote throughout each unit. In addition they will use scratch.mit.edu, logic.ly, Python, MU IDE, photopea.com, wickeditor.com, Notepad ++

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Scratch Programming 2	Binary and Boolean Logic	Computational Thinking and Algorithms	Programming with Python 1	Multimedia 2	Developing for the Web
Relevant core concepts	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT skills. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Create and edit a variety of media. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Create and edit a variety of media. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Understand what networks are and how they can be used. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons.
Relevant end points	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to understand and create scratch code using block based coding. Students will be able to develop a solution to a problem using computational thinking. Students will be able to use Boolean logic (AND, OR, 	 Students will be able to recognise the logic gates (AND, OR and NOT). Students will be able to complete truth tables for each logic gate and simple circuits. Students will be able to understand logic scenarios and draw the logic circuit that represents them. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to break down problems into manageable chunks and use algorithmic thinking to create solutions for them. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to create Python programs that utilise user input. Students will be able to debug Python programs using IDE error reporting tools. Students will be able to effectively use their 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will understand the difference between bitmap and vector graphics. Students will recognise different styles and techniques used in animations. Students will be able to create animations. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to create and edit webpages using HTML and CSS. Students will understand the importance of accessibility on the web and how to make web pages accessible to everyone. Students will understand how to link and move between different parts and to different media in a website.





	NOT) to make complex decisions in their programs. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.			Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.
Core substantive knowledge	 Variables. Subroutines. Sequence. Selection (if). Iteration. Count controlled (for) Condition controlled (While) Operators Arithmetic operators (=, <, >) Logical operators(and, or, not) 	 Binary numbers. Logic gates AND OR NOT Logic circuits Truth tables. 	 Computational thinking. Abstraction. Decomposition. Pattern recognition. Algorithmic thinking. Designing and creating algorithms. Flowcharts. Pseudocode. Searching and sorting algorithms. 	 Variables. Syntax (Python). Debugging. Syntax errors Logic errors Sequence. Selection (if). Iteration. Condition controlled (While) 	 Bitmap graphics. Vector graphics. Graphics properties. Animation techniques Frame by frame. Tweening. Onion skinning. Animation types Cell. Stop motion. Claymation. Flip-book. 	 HTML. CSS. Accessibility. Navigation and hyperlinks.
Core disciplinary knowledge	 Store and retrieve data from variables. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that use selection to make decisions. Combine operators to make more complex decisions. Design and create programs that use iteration to repeat code. Design and create subroutines that can be called by the main program as needed. 	 Represent denary numbers in binary. Covert between binary and denary. Construct truth tables for logic gates (AND, OR, NOT). Construct truth tables for simple logic circuits. Create, modify and interpret simple logic diagrams. 	 Understand different types of searching and sorting algorithms. Compare algorithms by best and worst case scenarios. Apply computational thinking techniques to real world problems. Represent algorithms in Pseudocode and using flowcharts. 	 Store and retrieve data from variables. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that use selection to make decisions. Design and create programs that use iteration to repeat code. Debug existing programs that do not execute correctly using IDE error reports. 	 Create and edit graphics. Save and export images in the correct format. Create images of specific dimensions and quality. Use various animation techniques to create a short animation. 	 Create webpages using HTML. Style webpages using CSS. Use the correct tags to add multimedia to a website. Make pages accessible to as many people as possible. Navigate between pages in a website by creating hyperlinks. Create a multipage about me website.





Year 9

Brief overview

In year 9 students will expand upon all of the skills they have leant so far with 3 units focused on creating programs. Students will also look at 2 of the most popular career paths in Computer Science Cybersecurity and Data Science. These units will expand upon previous security and data units with a focus on real world examples of cyber threats and handling data.

Autumn 1 starts with students looking at binary again this time with a focus on how it is used to represent data. Students will gain insight into how computers actually store the files on the computer and how binary can interpreted to display images or play audio. Autumn 2 delves deeper into the Python programming language focusing again on the core programming concepts alongside data types (integer, float, string and Boolean) and using the Random library to generate random numbers.

Spring 1 gives students the opportunity to put everything they have learned in the previous programing units to plan, create and test a complex program. The unit will start at looking how subroutines are used in Python then students will be given a scenario that they will plan, create and evaluate a program for. Spring 2 will introduce students to cybersecurity, students will look at different cyber attacks and system vulnerabilities before looking at how software and networks are can be designed to protect against these attacks.

In summer 1 students will be looking at mobile app design, this requires a different approach to programming than they have used previously. Students will create a Graphical User Interface and add functionality driven by user interaction. Finally students will finish KS3 by looking at data science and big data. This unit focusses on different ways to present data using visualizations before looking at how and why large data sets needs to be investigated and cleaned before they can be used.

Software Packages: Students will use a combination of a web browser, Formative.com, MS Teams and MS OneNote throughout each unit. In addition they will use Python, Mu IDE, App Lab (code.org), MS Excel, MS Access

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Binary and Data Representation	Programming with Python 2	Computer Systems 2	Cybersecurity	Mobile App Development	Data Science
Relevant core concepts	 Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT Skills. Recognise computer hardware and understand how each component works. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Display fundamental ICT skills. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Understand what networks are and how they are used. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Create and edit a variety of media. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Display fundamental ICT skills. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximising the use of Horizons.
Relevant end points	 Students will understand how binary numbers can be used to represent data stored in computers. Students will be able to convert between binary and denary numbers. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to create Python programs that utilise user input. Students will be able to create complex python programs that use selection and iteration. Students will be able to debug Python programs using IDE error reporting tools. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will understand the purpose of the CPU. Students will understand the different types of memory and their role in the computer. Students will be able to compare storage types for a given scenario. 	 Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be aware of the common features of online scams. Students will recognise the main types of malware and how they affect a computer system. Students will understand the steps that can be taken to protect computers and 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to create a mobile application to a given specification. Students will understand common features of applications and the accessibility features that can be included. Students will be able to effectively use their 	 Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will understand how organisations use the data they gather. Students will understand the unique challenges that come with large data sets. Students will be able to interrogate data sets and create visualisations from them.





		device in a variety of contexts.	Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	data from hacking and malware. • Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.
Core substantive knowledge	 Binary numbers. Character sets. Representing images in binary. Representing sound in binary. Lossy and lossless compression. 	 Variables. Data types Int. String. Float. Boolean. Syntax (Python). Importing modules. Debugging. Syntax errors Logic errors Sequence. Selection (if). Iteration. Count controlled (for) Condition controlled (While) 	 The function of the CPU. Von Neumann architecture. FDE cycle. Memory and storage types. Application software. System software. 	 Data protection. Social engineering. Hacking. Malware. Creating secure systems. 		 Data vs information. Analysing data. Visualising data. Cleaning data sets. Why data is useful.
Core disciplinary knowledge	 Represent denary numbers in binary. Covert between binary and denary. Add binary numbers together. Use character sets to represent letters and characters in binary. Understand how images and sounds are stored in binary. Understand how changes to the properties of images and sounds affect their quality. 	 Store and retrieve data from variables. Cast data to different data types as required. Design and create programs that execute in sequence. Design and create programs that use selection to make decisions. Design and create programs that use iteration to repeat code. Debug existing programs that do not execute correctly using IDE error reports. Import modules to use pre written functions. 	 Understand and define different types of memory. Compare storage types and select the most appropriate type for a scenario. Design a computer for a given scenario. 	 Understand why data is desired by hackers. Understand data protection legislation. Understand how humans can be the weak point in a system. Recognise common social engineering scams. Define different methods of hacking. Define different types of Malware. Understand how software and networks can be created with defence in mind. 		 Understand why data is useful to organisations. Understand the challenges that come with large data sets. Interrogate data to get specific information. Analyse data to spot trends. Create visualisations from data to make it easier to understand and identify patterns.





<u>Year 10</u>

Brief overview

In year 10 assuming 3 lessons per week students will start with 2 programming lessons using Python (topic 6) and 1 theory lesson focusing on topics 1, 2 and 3 primarily. From summer 1 when most programming topics have been covered this will swap to 1 programming lesson and 2 theory lessons. The programming lessons although focusing mainly on problem solving with programming and paper 2 topics will also cover and allow application of algorithms (topic 1) and characteristics of programming languages (Topic 3).

Students will start learning how programming languages work and how to create computer programs right from the start of Autumn1 and continue this throughout the year. They will use the Python programming language to complete the practical aspects of their lessons. The introduction to the language will assume that students have not used Python or had very limited experience with it. Autumn 1 will mainly focus input, output and using variables, students will not use selection or iteration techniques until Autumn 2. Due to the amount of different programming techniques that students need to master throughout the GCSE the complexity of the programs they create will build much quicker than KS3. By the end of year 10 students should have encountered and have a good familiarity with every programming technique required for GCSE Computer Science and have applied them to a complex programming project.

The more theory based lessons will focus on Computer Systems, Boolean Logic, Algorithms, Cybersecurity and Data Representation.

Software Packages: Students will use a combination of a web browser, Formative.com, MS Teams and MS OneNote throughout each unit. In addition they will use Python, Mu IDE

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Programming: Sequence, variables, input and output. Theory: Computer Systems. Use a wide range of software and	Programming: Selection, Iteration and validation. Theory: Boolean Logic. Use a wide range of software and	Programming: Subroutines and structured programming. Theory: Computational thinking and Algorithms. • Use a wide range of software and	Programming: Working with strings, arrays and character sets. Theory: Cybersecurity. Use a wide range of	Programming: Working with external files. Theory: Data representation (number systems). • Use a wide range of	Programming: Project Theory: Data representation (Images and audio). • Use a wide range of software and
Relevant core concepts	 technology. Display fundamental ICT skills. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Recognise computer hardware and understand how each component works. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 technology. Display fundamental ICT skills. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Recognise computer hardware and understand how each component works. Understand simple Boolean logic. Recognise and predict technology trends. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	software and technology.Modify and create computer programs.	 software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking to solve real world problems. 	 technology. Display fundamental ICT skills. Modify and create computer programs. Create and edit a variety of media. Use computation thinking to solve real world problems. Understand simple Boolean logic. Maximise the use of Horizons.
Relevant end points	 Students will recognise and describe Von Neumann architecture. Students will be able to explain the Fetch Decode Execute cycle. Students will recognise different memory types and understand the role of each type in computer systems. Students will be able to recognise different storage types. 	 Students will be able to compare storage types suitability for a given scenario. Students will be able to design an appropriate computer system for a given scenario. Students will be able to recognise the logic gates (AND, OR and NOT). Students will be able to complete truth tables for 	 Students will be able to use computational thinking techniques to build algorithms in pseudocode and flowcharts. Students will be able to trace algorithms to understand what is happening at each point and locate logic errors. Programming Students will be able to translate pseudo code into Python code. 	 Students will be aware of the common features of online scams. Students will recognise the main types of malware and how they affect a computer system. Students will understand the steps that can be taken to protect computers and 	 Students will understand how binary numbers can be used to represent data stored in computers. Students will be able to convert between binary and denary numbers. Students will be able to add, subtract and multiply binary numbers. 	 Students will be able to calculate the size of files. Students will understand how computers represent images and sound as well as the properties that affect the quality of these files. Students will understand the benefits and drawbacks of lossy and lossless compression techniques.





Programming

- Students will be able to explain the difference between different translators.
- Students will be ablet o write programs that execute code in sequence using input and output.
- Students will be able to debug code using IDE tools.
- Students will be able to read and produce flowcharts.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task.
- Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

- each logic gate and simple circuits.
- Students will be able to understand logic scenarios and draw the logic circuit that represents them.

Programming

- Students will be able to import code from modules.
- Students will be able to create programs that use selection and iteration.
- Students will be able to use trace tables to find logic errors in their code.
- Students will be able to validate data that is input into their programs.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task.
- Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

- Students will be able to create procedures and functions.
- Students will understand the scope of variables.
- Students will be able to plan and create a larger program using a structured approach.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task.
- Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

data from hacking and malware.

Students will understand how computers and networks can be designed with security in mind.

Programming

- Students will be able to use methods to manipulate strings and lists.
- Students will be able to work with data in lists and 2D lists.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task.
- Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

Students will be able to convert between binary and hexadecimal numbers.

Programming

- Students will be able to load data from and save data to text and csv files.
- Students will be able to use comments in their programs and understand good programming practices.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. • Students will be able to
- effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

Programming

• Students will be able to design build and test a large program to a given specification.

All lessons

- Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers.
- Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task.
- Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.

Theory

- The function of the CPU.
- Von Neumann architecture.
- FDE cycle.
- Memory and storage types.
- Application software.
- System software.

substantive knowledge

Core

Programming

- Variables
- Input and output
- Program sequence
- Machine code
- **Data Types**
- Casting

Theory

- Binary numbers.
- Logic gates
 - o AND
 - 0
 - NOT
- Logic circuits

- Input and output
- Machine code
- Data Types

- Computational thinking.
- - OR
- Truth tables.

Programming

- Variables
- Program sequence
- Casting

Theory

- - o Abstraction.
 - Decomposition.
 - Pattern recognition. o Algorithmic thinking.
- Designing and creating algorithms.
 - o Flowcharts.
 - o Pseudocode.

Programming

- Variables
- Input and output
- Program sequence Machine code

Theory

- Data protection.
- Social engineering.
- Hacking.
- Malware.
- Creating secure systems.

Programming

- Variables
- Input and output
- Program sequence Machine code
- Data Types
- Casting

Theory

- Binary numbers.
- Conversion between binary numbers.
- Binary addition.
- Binary shift.
- Signed binary integers.
- Hexadecimal numbers.

Programming

- Variables
- Input and output
- Program sequence
- Machine code
- Data Types

Theory

- Units of data storage.
- How data is represented in binary
 - o Files
 - **Images** 0
 - Sounds
- Lossy and lossless compression.
- Calculating files sizes.

Programming

- Variables
- Input and output
- Program sequence Machine code
- Data Types





	Debugging and exception handling	 Debugging and exception handling Importing libraries Arithmetic expressions (operators) Selection statements Iteration (while and for) Validating input 	 Data Types Casting Debugging and exception handling Importing libraries Arithmetic expressions (operators) Selection statements Iteration (while and for) Validating input Subroutines (procedures and functions) Scope Constants Testing 	 Debugging and exception handling Importing libraries Arithmetic expressions (operators) Selection statements Iteration (while and for) Validating input Subroutines (procedures and functions) Scope Constants Testing Arrays and lists List and string methods 	 Casting Debugging and exception handling Importing libraries Arithmetic expressions (operators) Selection statements Iteration (while and for) Validating input Subroutines (procedures and functions) Scope Constants Testing Arrays and lists List and string methods Handling external files Using comments 	 Casting Debugging and exception handling Importing libraries Arithmetic expressions (operators) Selection statements Iteration (while and for) Validating input Subroutines (procedures and functions) Scope Constants Testing Arrays and lists List and string methods Handling external files Using comments
Core disciplinary knowledge	 Understand and define different types of memory. Compare storage types and select the most appropriate type for a scenario. Design a computer for a given scenario. Programming Use the input() function to get user input. Store and retrieve data from variables. Cast data to a different type (str to int etc) Understand error messages and how to handle the errors that they represent. 	 Construct truth tables for logic gates (AND, OR, NOT). Construct truth tables for simple logic circuits. Create, modify and interpret simple logic diagrams. Programming Use the random and time libraries to enhance programs. Make decisions in programs with selection statements. Use Boolean logic to make more complex decisions. Repeat code using for and while loops. Validate data with loops and try/except 	 Apply computational thinking techniques to real world problems. Represent algorithms in Pseudocode and using flowcharts. Programming Create subroutines. Create subroutines that return a value. Pass data to and from subroutines ensuring that all variables used are in scope. Plan programs using a structured approach. Create and use a test plan to test a programs robustness. 	 Understand why data is desired by hackers. Understand data protection legislation. Understand how humans can be the weak point in a system. Recognise common social engineering scams. Define different methods of hacking. Define different types of Malware. Understand how software and networks can be created with defence in mind. Programming Access and manipulate data in strings. Access and manipulate data in lists. 	 Represent denary numbers in binary. Covert between binary and denary. Add binary numbers together. Use binary shift to multiply binary numbers. Use character sets to represent letters and characters in binary. Convert between binary and hexadecimal numbers. Programming Read, write and update data in external files. Use comments to improve the reusability of code. 	 Define the terms bit, byte, kilobyte, megabyte and gigabyte. Convert positive binary numbers (0-255) into denary and vice versa. Add 2 binary integers and explain binary overflow. Understand the use of binary shifts. Understand the use of binary codes to represent characters. Understand the term character set. Explain how the size of image and sound file sizes are affected by changes to resolution, sampling intervals and bit depth. Programming Planning, developing and testing a larger program over a longer period of time.





<u>Year 11</u>

Brief overview

In year 11 assuming 3 lessons per week students will be continuing with the model of 1 practical programming lesson and 2 theory based lessons that they moved to towards the end of year 10. It is expected that by the end of Spring 1 students will have finished all or most of the content allowing time for focused revision throughout Spring 1 and Summer 1 in preparation for the exams. As they will have covered all the programming techniques that they need to solve problems with Python (Topic 6) in year 10 programming lessons will be used to recap and build mastery focusing in some of the techniques that students regularly struggle. The final 2 theory topic from Paper 1 (topic 4 and topic 5) will be the main focus of the theory lessons.

Autumn 1 starts with some recapping of the most common programming techniques that are used in almost all Python programs. The first lesson back with cover some of the very basics as many students will not have created a program over the summer. The complexity of programs will build very quickly so that in Spring 1 they can focus on independently building solutions to a variety of problems similar to those they will encounter in the assessment.

Theory lessons will start looking at some specific algorithms for searching and sorting. Students will be able to recognize and compare these algorithms allowing them to choose the best one for a given situation and justify their choice. In Autumn 2 they will look at computer networks and spring 1 will focus on the issues and impact of computing. This unit will cover some of the same material as the cybersecurity unit in year 10, however, now students will be focusing more on the impact of cybercrimes when they occur.

Software Packages: Students will use a combination of a web browser, Formative.com, MS Teams and MS OneNote throughout each unit. In addition they will use Python, Mu IDE

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Programming: Sequence, Selection and Iteration Recap. Theory: Searching and sorting algorithms.	Programming: Working with lists and external files recap. Theory: Computer networks	Programming: Exam style question practice. Theory: Moral, legal, ethical and environmental technology concerns.	Catch up and revision	Catch up and revision	
Relevant core concepts	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Modify and create computer programs. Understand what networks are and how they are used. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Maximise the use of Horizons. 	 Use a wide range of software and technology. Be aware of the risks of technology and how they can be minimised. Modify and create computer programs. Use computational thinking skills to solve real world problems. Maximise the use of Horizons. 			
Relevant end points	 Students will be able to compare searching and sorting algorithms based on best and worst case scenarios. Students will be able to search for a specific item using a specified searching algorithm. Students will be able to sort data using a specified sorting algorithm. Programming Students will be able to create programs that use sequence, selection and iteration. 	 Students will be able to identify the type of network that is in use/suitable for a given scenario. Students will recognise different network topologies. Students will understand how data is moved across networks including across the internet. Students will be aware of the protocols used in data transmission. Programming Students will be able to import code from modules. Students will be able to create programs that use selection and iteration. 	 Students will have an awareness of the ethical, cultural, legal and environmental impacts of digital technology. Students will understand key legislation that affects digital technology and intellectual property use in the UK. Students will be able to explain the impact of cybercrimes and their consequences. Programming Students will be able to use methods to manipulate strings and lists. Students will be able to work with data in lists and 2D lists. 			

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 Students will be able to get user input for their programs. Students will be able to debug errors in their programs. Students will be able to use Python methods to manipulate lists and validate data. All lessons Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	 Students will be able to use trace tables to find logic errors in their code. Students will be able to validate data that is input into their programs. All lessons Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts. 	Students will have the resilience to adapt to new software that may be required in their further education or professional careers. Students will be able to select and use the correct device for a given task. Students will be able to effectively use their Horizons device in a variety of contexts.	
Theory	<u>Theory</u>	<u>Theory</u>	
 Searching algorithms Linear search 	Network typesLAN	 Impacts of technology on wider society: 	
o Binary search	o WAN	o Ethical issues	
Sorting algorithms	 Network topologies 	 Legal issues 	
o Bubble sort	o Star	o Cultural issues	
Merge sort	o Mesh	Environmental issues Privacy issues	
Comparing algorithms.	BusNetwork protocols	Privacy issuesLegislation relevant to	
Core Programming	Network protocols TCP	computer science:	
substantive • Variables	o IP	The Data Protection	
knowledge • Input and output	о НТТР	Act 2018	
Program sequence	o Ethernet	o Computer Misuse Act	
Machine code	The TCP/IP model	1990	
Data Types	Network hardware Modia transmission	 Copyright Designs and Patents Act 1988 	
Casting Debugging and exception	Media transmission	Software licences	
 Debugging and exception handling 	Programming		
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Importing libraries	Variables	Programming	
Importing librariesArithmetic expressions		Programming Variables Input and output	

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Selection statements	Machine code	Program sequence
 Iteration (while and for) 	 Data Types 	Machine code
Validating input	 Casting 	Data Types
Subroutines (procedures and	Debugging and exception	Casting
functions)	handling	Debugging and exception
Scope	Importing libraries	handling
Constants	Arithmetic expressions	Importing libraries
Testing	(operators)	Arithmetic expressions
Arrays and lists	Selection statements	(operators)
List and string methods	Iteration (while and for)	Selection statements
Handling external files	Validating input	Iteration (while and for)
Using comments	Subroutines (procedures and	Validating input
Using comments	functions)	Subroutines (procedures and
	• Scope	functions)
	• Constants	• Scope
		• Constants
	Testing Arrays and lists	
	Arrays and lists	Testing
	List and string methods	Arrays and lists
	Handling external files	List and string methods
	Using comments	Handling external files
		Using comments



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Access and manipulate data in lists. Read, write and update data in external files. Use comments to improve the reusability of code.	
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